

Agilent E8247C/57C PSG CW and Analog Signal Generators

Data Sheet



All specifications and characteristics apply over a 0 to 55°C range (unless otherwise stated) and apply after a 45 minute warm-up time. Supplemental characteristics, denoted as typical or nominal, provide additional (non-warranted) information.

PSG Signal Generators

	Option 520	Option 540
	250 kHz to 20 GHz	250 kHz to 40 GHz
CW only	E8247C	E8247C
Analog	E8257C	E8257C
Vector	E8267C	

(See E8267C data sheet for PSG Vector Signal Generator specifications)

Definitions

Specifications (spec): represent warranted performance.

Typical (typ): performance is not warranted. It applies at 25°C. 80% of all products meet typical performance.

Nominal (nom): values are not warranted. They represent the value of a parameter that is most likely to occur; the expected or mean value. They are included to facilitate the application of the product.

Standard (std): No options are included when referring to the signal generator unless noted otherwise.



E8247C & E8257C PSG Signal Generators

Choose your required frequency range as an option when configuring your PSG series. Please refer to the related literature section for additional information.

Agilent microwave PSG CW/analog signal generators options

Frequency range	(required option)
Option 520	250 kHz to 20 GHz
Option 540	250 kHz to 40 GHz
Step attenuator	
Option 1E1	Adds output step attenuator
High output power	
Option 1EA	High RF output power
Enhanced phase noise	
Option UNR	Enhanced phase noise performance
Narrow pulse modulation	
Option 1E6	Provides narrow pulse modulation below 3.2GHz
Analog (ramp) sweep	
Option 007	Provides analog (ramp) sweep and scalar network analyzer interface
Connectors	
Option 1ED	Type-N (f) connector
Option 1EM	Moves all connector to rear panel

Specifications

Frequency

Range ¹				
Option 520	250 kHz to 20 GHz			
Option 540	250 kHz to 40 GHz			
Resolution				
CW	0.001 Hz ²			
All Sweep modes	0.01 Hz			
Accuracy	Aging rate ± temperature	effects		
	± line voltage effects			
Switching speed ³	< 12 ms (typical)			
Phase offset	Adjustable in nominal 0.1°	increments.		
Frequency bands				
Band	Frequency range	N #		
1	250 kHz to 250 MHz	1/8		
2	> 250 to 500 MHz	1/16		
3	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	1/8		
4	> 1 to 2 GHz	1/4		
5	> 2 to 3.2 GHz	1/2		
6	> 3.2 to 10 GHz	1		
7	> 10 to 20 GHz	2		
8	> 20 to 40 GHz	4		
Internal timebase reference oscillator				
	Standard	Option UNR		
Aging rate	< ±1 x 10 ⁻⁷ /year or	< ±3 x10 ⁻⁸ /year or		
	, < ±4.5 x 10 [_] /day	< ±2.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /day		
	, after 45 days	after 30 days		
Temperature effects (typical)	< ±5 x 10 ⁻⁸ 0 to 55 °C	< ±4.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ 0 to 55 °C		
Line voltage effects (typical)	$< \pm 2 \times 10^{-9}$ for	< ±2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ for		
	+5% -10% change	±10% change		
External reference frequency	1, 2, 2.5, 5, 10 MHz	10 MHz only		
	(within 0.2 ppm)	(within 1 ppm)		
Reference output	, , ,	, , , ,		
Frequency	10 MHz			
Amplitude	> +4 dBm into 50 Ω load (typical)			
External reference input				
Amplitude	> —3 dBm			
Opt UNR	$5 \text{ dBm} \pm 5 \text{ dB}^4$			
•	50 Ω (nominal)			
Input impedance	50Ω (nominal)			

^{1.} Useable to 100 kHz

Oseable to 100 kHz
In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), resolution is limited with narrow spans and slow sweep speeds. Refer to ramp sweep specifications for more information.
To within 0.1 ppm of final frequency above 250 MHz or within 100 Hz below 250 MHz
To optimize phase noise 5 dBm ± 2 dB

Digital sweep

Operating modes	Step sweep of frequency or amplitude or both (start to stop)	
	List sweep of frequency or amplitude or both (arbitrary list)	
Sweep range		
Frequency sweep	Within instrument frequency range	
Amplitude sweep	Within attenuator hold range	
Dwell time	1 ms to 60 s	
Frequency settling time	28 ms (typical)	
Amplitude settling time	10 ms (typical)	
Number of points	2 to 1601	
Triggering Auto, external, single, or GPIB		

Ramp (analog) sweep

(Option 007)¹

Operating modes	Synthesize	ed frequency sweep	
		o), (center/span), (swept (CW)
	Power (ar	nplitude) sweep (start/sto	p)
	Manual s	weep	.,
	RPG conti	rol between start and stop	o frequencies
	Alternate	sweep	
			en current and stored state
Sweep span range	Settable f	rom minimum ² to full rang	je
Maximum sweep rate	Start frequency	Maximum swee	p rate Max span for
			100ms sweep
	250 kHz to <0.5 (2.5 GHz
	0.5 to <1 GHz	50 MHz/ms	5 GHz
	1 to <2 GHz	100 MHz/ms	10 GHz
	2 to <3.2 GHz	200 MHz/ms	20 GHz
	≥3.2 GHz	400 MHz/ms	36.8 GHz
Frequency accuracy		of span ± timebase (at 10	
		ans less than maximum va	
		improves proportionally a	
Sweep time	(forward s	sweep, not including band	switch and retrace intervals
Resolution	1 ms		
Manual mode		0 ms to 99 seconds	
Auto mode		nimum value determined b	oy maximum sweep rate
	and 8757	0	
Triggering		ernal, single, or GPIB	
Markers		endent continuously variab	
Display	Z-axis inte	ensity or RF amplitude pub	se
Functions		nter, M1/M2 to start/stop	, marker delta
Two-tone (master/slav	/e)		
measurements ⁴ Two PSG's can synchronously track each other, with			each other, with
	independe	ent control of start/stop fr	equencies
Network analyzer comp		patible with Agilent 8757D	
	Also usea	ble with Agilent 8757A/C	/E scalar network analyzers
	/ 100 0000		/ E boarar notwork analyzon

^{1.} During Ramp sweep operation, AM and Pulse Modulation are useable but not specified; FM, Phase Modulation, Wideband AM and I/Q modulation are not useable.

Minimum settable sweep span is proportional to carrier frequency and sweep time. Actual sweep span may be slightly different than desired setting for spans less than [0.00004% of carrier frequency or 140 Hz] x [sweep time in seconds]. Actual span will always be displayed correctly.

Typical accuracy for sweep times > 100 ms can be calculated from the equation: [(0.005% of span) + (sweep time in seconds)] ± timebase. Accuracy is not specified for sweep times < 100 ms.

^{4.} For Master/Slave operation use Agilent Technologies part #8120-8806 Master/Slave interface cable.

^{5.} When measuring low-pass devices in AC mode, dynamic range may be reduced up to 10dB below 3.2 GHz

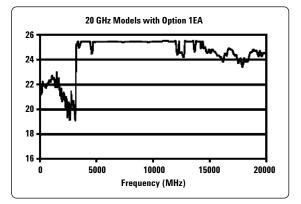
GPIB system interface is not supported with 8757A/C/E, only with 8757D. As a result, some features of 8757A/C/E, such as frequency display, pass-through mode, and alternate sweep, do not function with PSG signal generators.

Output

Power ¹ (dBm)		
Frequency range	Standard	Option 1EA
20 GHz models		
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-20 to +13	-20 to +16
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz (with Option 1E6)	-20 to +13	-20 to +13
> 3.2 to 20 GHz	-20 to +13	-20 to +20
40 GHz models		
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-20 to +9	-20 to +15
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz (with Option 1E6)	-20 to +9	-20 to +12
> 3.2 to 20 GHz	-20 to +9	-20 to +18
> 20 to 40 GHz	-20 to +9	-20 to +14
20 GHz models with step attenuat	or (Option 1E1)	
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-135 to +11	-135 to +15
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz (with Option 1E6)	-135 to +11	-135 to +12
> 3.2 to 20 GHz	-135 to +11	-135 to +18
40GHz models with step attenuate	or (Option 1E1)	
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-135 to +7	-135 to +14
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz (with Option 1E6)	-135 to +7	-135 to +11
> 3.2 to 20 GHz	-135 to +7	-135 to +16
> 20 to 40 GHz	-135 to +7	-135 to +12
Step attenuator	0 dB and 5 to 115	dB in 10 dB steps

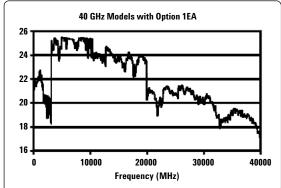
20 GHz models with Option 1EA

Measured maximum available power



40 GHz models with Option 1EA

Measured maximum available power



ttenuator hold range (Same as max power sweep range)						
Minimum	From –20	dBm to maximum specifie	ed output power with			
	step attenuator in 0 dB position. Can be offset using					
	Option 1E1	attenuator.	-			
Amplitude switching speed ²						
CW or analog modulation	< 5 ms (ty	pical)				
When using power search	< 25 ms (t	ypical)				
Level accuracy ³ (dB)						
Frequency	> +10 dBm	+10 to –10 dBm	–10 to –20 dBm			
250 kHz to 2 GHz	±0.6	±0.6	±1.4			
2 GHz to 20 GHz	±0.8	±0.8 ±0.8 ±1.2				
> 20 to 40 GHz	±1.0	±1.0 ±0.9 ±1.3				

1. Maximum power specification is warranted from 15 to 35° C, and is typical from 0 to 15° C. Maximum power over the 35 to 55° C range typically degrades less than 2 dB.

To within 0.1 dB of final amplitude within one attenuator range

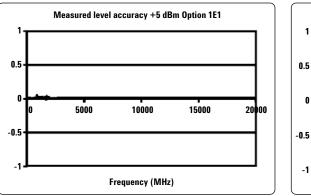
2. 3. Specifications apply in CW and List/Step sweep modes over the 15 to 35° C temperature range. Degradation outside this range, for power levels > -10 dBm, is typically < 0.3 dB. In Ramp sweep mode (with Option 007), specifications are typical. For instruments with Type-N connectors (Option 1ED), specifications are degraded typically 0.2 dB above 18 GHz.

Level accuracy with step attenuator¹ (dB)

Frequency	> +10 dBm	+10 to –10 dBm	–10 to –70 dBm	–70 to –90 dBm	–90 to –110 dBm
250 kHz to 2 GHz	±0.6	±0.6	±0.7	±0.8	±1.4
> 2 to 20 GHz	±0.8	±0.8	±0.9	±1.0	±1.7
> 20 to 40 GHz	±1.0	±0.9	±1.0	±2.0	

20 GHz level accuracy

40 GHz level accuracy



ĺ	I	Neasured level	accuracy +5 dB	am Option 1E1	
1					
0.5	<u> </u>				
0	.				
	0	10000	20000	30000	40000
-0.5					
-1		F	requency (MHz)	

Resolution	0.01 dB
Temperature stability	0.01 dB/°C (typical)
User flatness correction	
Number of points	2 to 1601 points/table
Number of tables	Up to 10,000, memory limited
Path loss	Arbitrary, within attenuator range
Entry modes	Remote power meter ² , remote bus, manual
(user edit/view)	
Output impedance	50 Ω (nominal)
SWR (internally leveled) (typical)	
250 kHz to 2 GHz	< 1.4:1
> 2 GHz to 20 GHz	< 1.6:1
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	< 1.8:1
Leveling modes	Internal leveling, external detector leveling, millimeter
	source module, ALC Off
External detector leveling	
Range	-0.2 mV to -0.5 V (nominal) (-36 dBm to +4 dBm using
	Agilent 33330D/E detector)
Bandwidth 10 kHz (typical) (Note: not intended for pulsed or	
Maximum reverse power	1/2 Watt (nominal)

^{1.} Specifications apply in CW and List/Step sweep modes over the 15 to 35° C temperature range, with attenuator hold off (normal operating mode). Degradation outside this range, for ALC power levels > -10 dBm, is typically < 0.3 dB. In Ramp sweep mode (with Option 007), specifications are typical. For instruments with type-N connectors (Option 1ED), specifications are degraded typically 0.2 dB above 18 GHz. Level accuracy is not compatible with Agilent Technologies EPM Series (E4418B and E4419B) power meters.

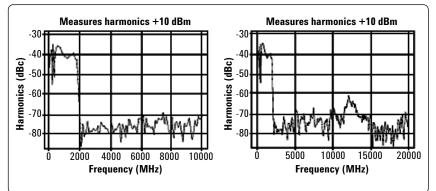
Spectral purity

Harmonics¹

< 1 MHz 1 MHz to 2 GHz > 2 GHz to 20 GHz > 20 GHz to 40 GHz

(dBc at +10 dBm or maximum specified output power, whichever is lower) -28 dBc (typical) -28 dBc -55 dBc -50 dBc (typical)

20 GHz measured harmonics 40 GHz measured harmonics



Sub-harmonics: ²	n or maximum specified output				
	power, whicheve	power, whichever is lower)			
250 kHz to 10 GHz	None	None			
> 10 GHz to 20 GHz	<-60 dBc				
> 20 GHz to 40 GHz	<-50 dBc				
Non-harmonics:	(dBc at +10 dBn	n or maximum specified output			
	power, whicheve	er is lower, for offsets > 3 KHz			
	[>300 Hz with 0	ption UNR]) ¹⁶			
Frequency	Spec	Typical			
250 kHz to 250 MHz	-65	-72 for > 10 kHz offsets			
> 250 MHz to 1 GHz	-80	-88			
> 1 to 2 GHz	-74	-82			
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-68	-76			
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-62	-70			
> 10 to 20 GHz	-56	-64			
> 20 to 40 GHz	-50	-58			
SSB phase noise (CW)	Offset from Carrier (dBc/Hz)				
Frequency	20 kHz	20 kHz (typical)			
250 kHz to 250 MHz	-130	-134			
> 250 to 500 MHz	-136	-140			
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	-130	-134			
> 1 to 2 GHz	-124	-128			
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-120	-124			
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-110	-113			
> 10 to 20 GHz	-104	-108			
> 20 to 40 GHz	-98	-102			

Specifications for harmonics beyond maximum instrument frequencies are typical. 1.

Specifications for sub-harmonics beyond maximum instrument frequencies are typical.

^{2.} 3. Performance is typical for spurs at frequencies above the maximum operating frequency of the instrument. Specifications apply for CW mode only. Performance typically is -60 dBc between 200 and 250 MHz.

	Option UNR: Enhanced SSB phase noise (CW) Offset from carrier (dBc/Hz)			
Frequency	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz
	spec (typical)	spec (typical)	spec (typical)	spec (typical)
250 kHz to 250 MHz	-94 (-115)	-110 (-123)	-128 (-132)	-130 (-133)
> 250 to 500 MHz	-100 (-110)	-124 (-130)	-132 (-136)	-136 (-141)
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	-94 (-104)	-118 (-126)	-130 (-135)	-130 (-135)
> 1 to 2 GHz	-88 (-98)	-112 (-120)	-124 (-129)	-124 (-129)
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-84 (-94)	-108 (-116)	-120 (-125)	-120 (-125)
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-74 (-84)	-98 (-106)	-110 (-115)	-110 (-115)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-68 (-78)	-92 (-100)	-104 (-107)	-104 (-109)
> 20 to 40 GHz	-62 (-72)	-86 (-94)	-98 (-101)	-98 (-103)
Residual FM				
CW mode		< N x 6 Hz (typic	cal)	
Option UNR		< N x 4 Hz (typic	cal)	
Ramp sweep mode:		< N x 1 kHz (typi	ical)	
(rms, 50 Hz to 15 kHz bandwidth)				
Broadband noise (CW mode at +10 dBm output, for offsets > 10 MHz)				
> 2.4 to 20 GHz < -148 dBc/Hz (typical)				
> 20 to 40 GHz	<-141 dBc/Hz (typical)			

Measured phase noise

1M

10M

100M



-40

-50 -60

-70

-80

-90

-100

-110 -120

-130

-140

-150

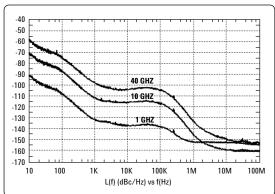
-160

-170

10

100





Measured Standard vs. Option UNR at 10 GHz

1K

10K

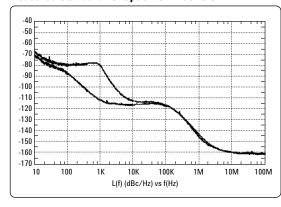
L(f) (dBc/Hz) vs f(Hz)

40 GHZ

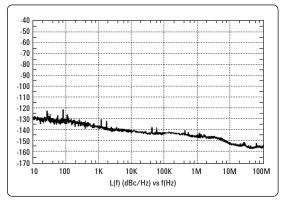
10 GHZ

1 GHZ

100K







Typical RMS jit	ter: ¹			
Standard				
Carrier	SONET/SDH	RMS jitter	Unit intervals	Time
frequency	data rates	bandwidth	(µUI)	(fs)
155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	48	303
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	34	50
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 15 MHz	65	25
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	20 kHz to 80 MHz	173	16
Option UNR				
Carrier	SONET/SDH	RMS jitter	Unit intervals	Time
frequency	data rates	bandwidth	(µUI)	(fs)
155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	47	297
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	26	40
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 15 MHz	66	25
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	20 kHz to 80 MHz	161	15

Frequency modulation

Maximum deviation	N x 8 MHz
Resolution	0.1% of deviation or 1 Hz, whichever is greater
Deviation accuracy	$< \pm 3.5\%$ of FM deviation + 20 Hz
	(1 kHz rate, deviations < N x 800 kHz)
Modulation frequency response	
Path	Rates (at 100 kHz deviation)
	1 dB Bandwidth 3 dB Bandwidth (typical)
FM 1	dc/20 Hz to 100 kHz dc/5 Hz to 10 MHz
FM 2	dc/20 Hz to 100 kHz dc/5 Hz to 1 MHz
dc FM ² carrier offset	$\pm 0.1\%$ of set deviation + (N x 8 Hz)
Distortion	< 1% (1 kHz rate, deviations < N x 800 kHz)
Sensitivity	±1 V _{peak} for indicated deviation
Paths	FM1 and FM2 are summed internally for composite
	modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of
	the modulation sources: Ext1, Ext2, internal1, internal2.
	The FM2 path is limited to a maximum rate of 1 MHz.
	The FM2 path must be set to a deviation less than FM1.

Phase modulation

Maximum deviation	N x 80 radians (N x 8 radi	ans in high-bandwidth mode)	
Resolution	0.1% of set deviation		
Deviation accuracy	$< \pm 5\%$ of deviation + 0.01 radians		
	(1 kHz rate, normal BW me	ode)	
Modulation frequency response			
Mode	Maximum deviation	Rates (3 dB BW)	
Normal BW	N x 80 rad	dc to 100 kHz	
High BW	N x 8 rad	dc to 1 MHz (typical)	
Distortion	< 1 % (1 kHz rate, THD, dev	< N x 80 rad, normal BW mode)	
Sensitivity	±1 V _{peak} for indicated deviation		
Paths	Φ M1 and Φ M2 are summ	ned internally for composite	
	modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of		
	the modulation sources: Ext1, Ext2, internal1, internal2.		
	The Φ M2 path must be set to a deviation less than Φ M1.		

Calculated from phase noise performance in CW mode only at +0 dBm. For other frequencies, data rate, or bandwidths, please contact your sales representative.

^{2.} At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5°C of ambient temperature at time of user calibration.

Amplitude modulation Depth **Exponential (log) mode** Linear mode $(f_c > 2 \text{ MHz})^1$ (typical) (Downward modulation only) Maximum > 90% > 20 dB Settable² 0 to 100 % 0 to 40 dB 0.1% Resolution 0.01 dB Accuracy < ±(6 % of setting + 1 %) $< \pm (2\% \text{ of setting} + 0.2 \text{ dB})$ (1 kHz rate) **Ext sensitivity** $\pm 1 V_{\text{peak}}$ for -1 V for indicated depth indicated depth Rates (3 dB bandwidth, 30% depth) dc/10 Hz to 100 kHz (typical) (useable to 1 MHz) Distortion (1 kHz rate, linear mode, THD) 30% AM < 1.5% 90% AM < 4 % AM1 and AM2 are summed internally for composite Paths modulation. Either path may be switched to any one of the modulation sources: Ext1, Ext2, internal1, internal2. **External modulation inputs Modulation types** AM, FM, and ΦM (Ext1 & Ext2) Input impedance 50 or 600 Ω (nominal) switched High/low indicator (100 Hz to 10 MHz BW, ac coupled inputs only) Activated when input level error exceeds 3% (nominal) Simultaneous modulation All modulation types may be simultaneously enabled except: FM with Φ M, and linear AM with exponential AM. AM, FM, and Φ M can sum simultaneous inputs from any two sources (Ext1, Ext2, internal1, or internal2) Any given source (Ext1, Ext2, internal1, or internal2) may be routed to only one activated modulation type. Internal modulation source Dual function generators provides two independent signals (internal1 and internal2) for use with AM, FM, Φ M, or LF Out. Waveforms Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp, triangle, Gaussian noise, uniform noise, swept sine, dual sine²¹ **Rate range** Sine 0.5 Hz to 1 MHz Square, ramp, triangle 0.5 Hz to 100 kHz 0.5 Hz Resolution Accuracy Same as timebase LF out Output Internal1 or internal2. Also provides monitoring of internal1 or internal2 when used for AM, FM, or Φ M. Amplitude 0 to 3 V_{peak} (nominal) into 50 Ω 50 W (nominal) Output impedance Swept sine mode: (frequency, phase continuous) Operating modes Triggered or continuous sweeps Frequency range 1 Hz to 1 MHz Sweep rate 0.5 Hz to 100 kHz sweeps/s, equivalent to sweep times 10 us to 2 s Resolution 0.5 Hz (0.5 sweep/s)

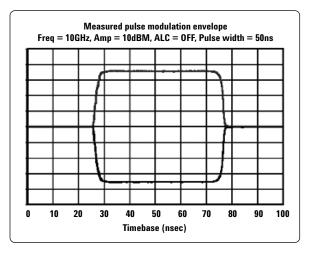
 For f_c < 2 MHz AM is usable but not specified. AM specifications apply with ALC on, and envelope peaks < maximum specified power. For instruments without Option 1E1 attenuator, specs apply for carrier amplitude > -2 dBm.

2. For AM depth settings > 90% or > 20 dB, deep AM mode or 1 kHz ALC BW is recommended.

3. Internal2 is not available when using swept sine or dual sine modes.

Pulse modulation¹

	Standard	Option 1E6	Standard
	500 MHz	10 MHz	> 3.2 GHz
	to 3.2 GHz	to 3.2 GHz	
On/off ratio	80 dB (typical)	80 dB	80 dB
Rise/fall times (Tr, Tf)	100 ns (typical)	10 ns (8 ns typical)	10 ns (6 ns typical)
Pulse width			
Internally leveled	≥ 2 µs (typical)	≥ 1µs	≥ 1µs
Level hold	≥ 0.5 µs (typical)	≥ 20 ns (typical)	≥ 20 ns (typical)
(ALC Off with power search	ch) ²		
Repetition frequency			
Internally leveled	10 Hz to 250 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz
	(typical)	(typical)	(typical)
Level hold	dc to 1 MHz (typical)	dc to 10 MHz (typical)	dc to 10 MHz (typical)
(ALC Off with power search	ch) ²		
Level accuracy			
(relative to CW)			
Internally leveled	±0.5 dB	±0.5 dB	±0.5 dB
			±0.15 (typical)
Level hold	±0.5 dB (typical)	±1.0 dB (typical)	\leq 20 GHz ±0.8 dB
			(typical)
(ALC Off with power search	ch) ²		\leq 40 GHz ±1.2 dB
			(typical)
Width compression	±50 ns (typical)	±5 ns (typical)	±5 ns (typical)
Video feed-through ³	< 200 mV (typical)	< 125 mV (typical)	< 2 mV (typical)
Video delay			
(Ext input to Video)	40 ns (nominal)	40 ns (nominal)	40 ns (nominal)
RF delay (Tm)			
(Video to RF output)	280 ns (nominal)	45 ns (nominal)	35 ns (nominal)
Pulse overshoot (Vor)	< 10% (typical)	< 1GHz 20% (typical)	< 10% (typical)
		\geq 1GHz 10% (typical)	
Input level	+1 V _{peak} = RF On	+1 V _{peak} = RF On	+1 V _{peak} = RF On
Input impedance	50 Ω (nominal)	50 Ω (nominal)	50 Ω (nominal)



With ALC off, specs apply after the execution of power search. For instruments without a step attenuator, specs apply between 0 and +10 dBm. For instruments with the step attenuator, specs apply with Atten Hold Off, or ALC level between 0 and +10 dBm.

^{2.} Power search is a calibration routine that improves level accuracy in ALC-off mode. Un-pulsed RF power will be present typically up to 50 ms when executing power search.

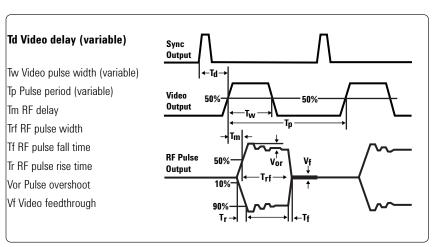
^{3.} With attenuator in 0 dB position. Video feed-through decreases with attenuator setting.

Internal pulse generator

Modes	Free-run, triggered, triggered with delay, doublet, and gated. Triggered with delay, doublet, and gated require
	external trigger source.
Period (PRI) (Tp)	70 ns to 42 s
	(Repetition frequency: 0.024 Hz to 14.28 MHz)
Pulse width (Tw)	10 ns to 42 s
Delay (Td)	
Free-run mode	0 to ±42 s
Triggered with delay and doublet modes	75 ns to 42s with ± 10 ns jitter

Resolution

10 ns (width, delay, and PRI)



Remote programming

Interfaces	GPIB (IEEE-488.2,1987) with listen and talk, RS-232,
	and 10BaseT LAN interface.
Control languages	SCPI version 1997.0. Also will emulate most applicable
	Agilent 836xxB, Agilent 837xxB, and Agilent 8340/41B
	commands, providing general compatibility with ATE
	systems which include these signal generators.
IEEE-488 functions	SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1,
	DT0, C0, E2.
ISO compliant	This family of signal generators is manufactured in an
	ISO-9001 registered facility in concurrence with Agilent
	Technologies commitment to quality.
Power requirements	90 to 132 Vac 50 to 60 Hz, or 195 to 267
•	Vac 50 to 60 or 400 Hz, (automatically selected),
	300 W maximum.
Operating temperature range	0 to 55 °C
Storage temperature range ¹	–40 to 71 °C
Shock and vibration	Meets MIL-STD-28800E Type III, Class 3.
ЕМС	Meets the conducted and radiated interference
	and immunity requirements of IEC/EN 61326-1.
	Meets radiated emission requirements of
	CISPR Pub 11/1997 Group 1 class A.
Storage registers	Memory is shared by instrument states, user data files,
	sweep list files, and waveform sequences. Depending
	on the number and size of these files, up to 800 storage
	registers and 10 register sequences are available.
Security	Display blanking.
Compatibility	Agilent Technologies 83550 Series millimeter heads,
	Agilent Technologies 8757D Scalar Network Analyzers,
	Agilent Technologies EPM Series Power Meters.
Self-test	Internal diagnostic routine tests most modules
	(including microcircuits) in a preset condition. For each
	module, if its node voltages are within acceptable limits,
	then the module "passes" the test.
Weight	< 22 kg (48 lb.) net, < 30 kg (68 lb.) shipping.
Dimensions	178 mm H x 426 mm W x 498 mm D
	(7" H x 16.8" W x 19.6" D in.).
Recommended calibration cycle	24 months

General

Front panel connectors

Rear panel connectors (All connectors are BNC female unless otherwise noted.)¹

(All connectors are BNC female unless otherwise noted.)¹

RF output	Nominal output impedance 50 Ω .
For 20 GHz models	Precision APC-3.5 male, or Type-N with Option 1ED.
For 40 GHz models	Precision 2.4 mm male; plus 2.4 - 2.4 mm and
	2.4 - 2.9 mm female adaptors also included.
ALC input	Used for negative external detector leveling. Nominal
	input impedance 120 k Ω , damage level ±15 V.
LF output (E8257C only)	Outputs the internally generated LF source.
	Nominal output impedance 50 Ω .
External input 1 (E8257C only)	Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M. Nominal input
	impedance 50 or 600 Ω , damage levels are
	5 V _{rms} and 10 V _{peak} .
External input 2 (E8257C only)	Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M. Nominal input
	impedance 50 or 600 Ω , damage levels are
	5 V _{rms} and 10 V _{peak} .
Pulse/trigger gate input (E8257C only)	Accepts input signal for external fast pulse modulation.
	Also accepts external trigger pulse input for internal
	pulse modulation. Nominal impedance 50 Ω . Damage
	levels are 5 V _{rms} and 10 V _{peak} .
Pulse video out (E8257C only)	Outputs a signal that follows the RF output in all pulse
	modes. TTL-level compatible, nominal source
	impedance 50 Ω .
Pulse sync out (E8257C only)	Outputs a synchronizing pulse, nominally 50 ns width,
· ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	during internal and triggered pulse modulation. TTL-leve
	compatible, nominal source impedance 50 Ω .
Auxiliary interface (Dual mode)	Used for RS-232 serial communication and for
	Master/Slave source synchronization. (9-pin
	subminiature female connector).
GPIB	Allows communication with compatible devices.
LAN	Allows 10BaseT LAN communication
10 MHz input	Accepts an external reference (timebase) input (at 1, 2,
	2.5, 5, 10 MHz for standard and 10 MHz only for Option
	UNR) Nominal input impedance 50 Ω .
	Damage levels > +10 dBm
10 MHz output	Outputs internal or external reference signal. Nominal
	output impedance 50 Ω . Nominal output power +8 dBm
	Supplies a voltage proportional to the RF power or
Sweep output (Dual mode)	Supplies a voltage proportional to the mill power of
Sweep output (Dual mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of
Sweep output (Dual mode)	
Sweep output (Dual mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of
Sweep output (Duai mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nominal) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width.
Sweep output (Duai mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nominal) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width. When connected to an Agilent 8757D Scalar Network
Sweep output (Duai mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nominal) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width. When connected to an Agilent 8757D Scalar Network Analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number
Sweep output (Duai mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nominal) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width. When connected to an Agilent 8757D Scalar Network Analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nominal) across a ramp
Sweep output (Duai mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nominal) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width. When connected to an Agilent 8757D Scalar Network Analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nominal) across a ramp (analog) sweep. Number of pulses can be set form 101
Sweep output (Duai mode)	frequency sweep ranging form 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nominal) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width. When connected to an Agilent 8757D Scalar Network Analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 us pulses (nominal) across a ramp

Output impedance: < 1 Ω , can drive 2000 Ω .

^{1.} Digital inputs and output are 3.3 V CMOS unless indicated otherwise. Inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.
Digital inputs and output are 3.3 V CMOS unless indicated otherwise. Inputs will accept 5 V CMOS,

³V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.

Stop sweep In/Out	Open-collector, TTL-compatible input/output. In ramp sweep operation, provides low level (nominally 0 V) during sweep retrace and bandcross intervals, and high level during the forward portion of the sweep. Sweep will stop when grounded externally, sweep will resume when allowed to go high.
Trigger output (Dual mode)	Outputs a TTL signal. High at start of dwell, or when waiting for point trigger; low when dwell is over or point trigger is received, In ramp sweep mode, provides 1601 equally-spaced 1us pulses (nominal) across a ramp sweep. When using LF Out, provides 2 us pulse at start of LF sweep.
Trigger input	Accepts TTL signal for triggering point-to-point in manual sweep mode, or to trigger start of LF sweep. Damage levels $\geq +10$ V or ≤ -4 V.
Source module interface	Provides bias, flatness correction, and leveling connections to the Agilent model 83550 Series mm-wave source modules.
Source settled	Provides an output trigger that indicates when the signal generator has settled to a new frequency or power level. High indicates source not settled, Low indicates source settled.
Z-axis Blank/Markers	During Ramp Sweep, supplies + 5 V (nominal) level during retrace and bandswitch intervals. Supplies – 5V (nominal) level when the RF frequency is at a marker frequency.
EFC	$>$ 0.25 ppm for –5 to +5 V. Input impedance: >1 M Ω

Related Agilent literature	<i>PSG Signal Generator,</i> Brochure Literature number 5988-7538EN
	<i>E8267C PSG Vector Signal Generator</i> , Data Sheet Literature number 5988-6632EN
	<i>PSG Self Guided Demo</i> Literature number 5988-2414EN
	<i>E8247C/57C PSG CW and Analog Signal Generatos,</i> Configuration Guide Literature number 5988-7879EN
	<i>E8267C PSG Vector Signal Generator,</i> Configuration Guide Literature number 5988-7541EN
	<i>PSG Series Product Note: Millimeter Head</i> Literature number 5988-2567EN

PSG Two-Tone and Multitone Application Note AN 1410 Literature number 5988-7689EN

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